## CO'ER CALLS IT A STRAL BITTER ATTACK OF THE RAMAPO WATER CONTRACT.

It Would Cost the City \$15,000,000, Engineers Say, to Build the Necessary Plant to Use the Yearly \$5,000,000 Worth of Water-Assembly Said to Have No Veto.

When Comptroller Coler got to his office yesterday morning he sent for the Chief Engipeer of the Finance Department, Eugene E. McLean, and had a long talk with him about Vater Commissioner Dalton's plan to make a forty-year contract for water at about \$5,000,000 a year with the Ramapo Water Company. Mr. Coler told Mr. McLean that he wanted to have the engineering features of the water situation examined and reported upon as thoroughly as was possible in two weeks, He said that if Mr. McLean's force of assistants was too smail to do the work, or if the services of specialists were needed, the Chief Engineer should employ them, so that there could be ne question of the authority of the report. Then Mr. Coler set to work with several of his assist ants to make an exact statement of the city's financial condition, to be used in connection with the engineer's report when the Hamapo comes up for discussion before the Board of Public Improvements on Sept. 30,

"I am going to fight this scheme," Mr. Coler said, "and in no event shall I vote to have the city buy water from any private company. At the present time there is no need of such an increased supply, and if it shall arise in the future the city should build and operate its own system. More water is needed in Brooklyn, but it can be obtained from Long Island. This saide, however, there can be no excuse for attempting to rush through a contract committing the city to pay \$200,000.000 to a water company owned by private capital. Usually such propositions are submitted to the Finance Department before they are proposed for adoption. In this case nothing said to me about the matter, and I learned of it by accident. I am convinced that this Ramapo scheme is worse than the Broadway franchise steal. It is the worst proposition that I have ever heard of.

"One interesting and somewhat amusing thing about this matter is that the men who voted to commit the city to the hands of a private water company were howling a few months ago for the municipal ownership of gas plants and asphalt plants. Now they are very anxious to go into this plan, although Manhattan and the Bronx have all the water they need now, and Brooklyn and Queens can be supplied without going into this \$200,000,000 scheme."

Henry P. Schmidt, formerly a member of the Brooklyn Board of Education, called on the Comptroller yesterday, and urged him to fight the contract. Mr. Schmidt told Mr. Coler that he intended to organize mass meetings of protest. F.C. Moore, President of the Continental Insurance Company, sent to THE SUN yesterday a letter protesting against the contract and en opies of some correspondence he had with the Mayor and President Holahan when the matter was considered in June, 1898. In a letter from President Holahan to Mr. Moore under date of June 17, 1898, was this para-

"This is a matter which will have to be thoroughly investigated by the Department of Water Supply and others, and very strong reasons advanced to convince the members of th necessity for utilizing the Catskill watershed. If another hearing is held, notice will be sent to parties representing both sides of this question, so that every member of the Board will be fully qualified to judge for himself as to the dyisability of accepting any offer that the Ramapo Company may submit.

No further hearings were held. Chief Engineer Birdsall of the Water Department said yesterday that after the Ramano Company delivered its water at the city line reservoirs and service pipes costing \$15,000,-000 would be necessary before it would be available as the Department wishes to use it. This money would be used to build a reservoi in the Brong to supply the northern part of the city, and to lay pipes to take the water across the East Biver under Randall's Island to the borough of Queens and thence across Newtown Creek to a reservoir in Brooklyn.

Of the necessity of increased water supply Chief Engineer Alphonse Fteley of the Croto Aqueduct said that since 1890 the per capita consumption of water in Manhattan and the Bronx had increased from 75 gallons a day to 110 gallons. On the completion of the Croton Aqueduct system in 1902 it will supply 280,-000,000 gallons a day. The supply now is 265, 000,000. There is no danger of a famine this year, he said, but, if 1900 is a dry year, there might be a searcity of water. The Croton water shed extends north to Pawling. By extending its lines so as to include the Ten Mile River, which now runs into the Housatonic the supply could be increased by 110,000,000 gallons a day. If the increase in per capita consumption continues at the present rate Manhattan and the Bronx will need 600,000,000 gallons a day in 1909. Mr. Fteley said that the per capita consumption was ridiculously large

and wasteful. There is some question whether the action of the Board of Public Improvements on the contract would need the ratification of any other municipal body. If the water were classed as a "supply." the Board's action would be final. and last year the Water Department made a contract with the Citizen's Water Company. o Queens, at \$65 a million gallons, without submitting it to the Municipal Assembly or the Board of Estimate. If the purchase of water Maddox has held the purchase of gas and electricity lighting to be, the contract would have to go to the Municipal Assembly.

## Col. Sinn's Will.

The will of the late Col. William E. Sinn wa filed for probate in the Surrogate's office in Brooklyn yesterday by former Judge James Troy. It was dated March 11, 1899. Col. Sing directs that Annie E. Sinn, whom he described as, "formerly my wife, and the mother of my daughter, Annie Isabel Hoyt," be paid the sum of \$4,000, as soon after his death as convenient The balance of the estate is left to his daughter. Mrs. Hoyt, with the request that in addition to the \$4,000 Mrs. Hoyt shall pay to her mother, a further sum of \$30 a week out of the profits of the business of the Montauk Theatre, or out of the proceeds of the sale of the business," but he declares that it must be distinctly understood that this provision is not intended to create any charge on his estate, but is to be regarded only as the expression of a wish on his part, which his daughter may, if possible, fulfil. Mrs. Hoyt is named as the executrix without security. The will was witnessed by lawyer Thomas Troy, William T. Grover, and Frank E. West. In the petition for the admission of the will to probate, Mrs. Hoyt states that Col, Sinn left no widow.

From Jersey City to Washington by Trolley. TRENTON, N. J.-Aug. 17,-The Pennsylvania Bailroad Company has, it is said on good authority, concluded to build a trolley road that will have such connections and traffic agree ments as will make a continuous trolley line from Jersey City to Washington. The company has already filed with the Secretary of State a map of the lower part of this city, showing where the tracks will run here, and has been at work for several days gaining the written consents of property owners to lay the tracks.

## Jehn Baker Seriously Ill.

BELLEVILLE, Ill., Aug. 17.-Jehu Baker, who represented the Twenty-first district in Congress three terms, twice as a Republican and the last time as Democrat-Populist, and was for eight years Minister to Venezuela, is critically ill at his home here. Mr. Baker was taken sick last Friday with malaria. He is 78

Boy Who Supported a Family Missing. Martin Moore, 10 years old, of 111 Columbia street. Brooklyn, who has supported his mother and two little sisters by selling papers along

the river front, Brooklyn, has been missing

n his home since 6 o'clock of Wednesday ht. His mother fears that he has been

AGED MRS. STONE CONFICTED.

Fined \$350 for Alleged Cruck Treatment of Her Inb sile Daughter.

The trial of Mrs. Catharine M. Stone, of 11 Central avenue, New Brighten, Staten Island. for the alleged gruel treatment of her imbedie daughter, Olive Augusta, by confining her in s small closet in the basement of her house took place yesterday before the Court of Specia Sessions of Richmond. Justice Kendy presided and Justices Fleming and Fitzgerald were his associates. The complainant in the case was James Allen, agent of the Richmond County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Chiliren. Allen and several other witnesses testified that the young woman was confined in a small closet, and Allen said that when he went there on June 21 last he found her in a flithy condition. Witnesses for the defence testified that the young woman always had the best o pare, and was kept in the closet only at night to insure her safety, as she was not responsible for what she did. She was washed and fed regularly. Dr. Jefferson Scales said that no medical skill could have improved her condition. Mrs. Stone, who is 75 years old, and very feeble, was in court, but did not testify

The court found Mrs. Stone guilty, and sentenced her to pay a fine of \$250 or be committed to the county jail for three months. Justice Floming dissented from the decision and said that he favored an acquittal. The fine was paid, and Herman S. Butler, counsel for Mrs. Stone, said that he would make application to the Brooklyn Supreme Court for an ap-plication of reasonable doubt and take the sase to the Appellate Division, where he says he is confident that there will be a reversal of

District Attorney Edward S. Rawson, who onducted the case for the people, said that he did not see that the sentence tended in any way to improve the condition of the young woman, if a change were needed. She still sleeps in the same place. He said he thought that a suspension of sentence with a rec mendation that the young woman be placed in some institution would have better fitted the

HENRY MASON BAUM BANKRUPT.

Clergyman, Publisher, Lecturer, With 840,286 Debts and Ne Assets.

Henry Mason Baum, of 76 Fifth avenue, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, with liabilties \$40,296 and no assets, except clothing and ecclesiastical vestments. He also filed a pau per's oath. He has been a Protestant Episco pal clergyman, a publisher, editor and lecturer I wenty years ago he was a clergyman at Eas ton. Pa. He came to this city in 1881 and started in the publishing business as publisher of the American Church Review, which he carried on for several years. Later he was rector of a church at New Rochelle, and then a lecturer until December, 1897, when he became editor of the Monimental Records Publishing Company which was succeeded by the Moniments Records Association incorporated on March 15 last with Mr. Baum as President and Treas

Mr. Baum's schedules give a list of over 150 reditors scattered all over the country from Maine to California, for loans, board bills, rent, advertising, printing, merchandise and labor and were contracted from 1881 to 1899. Among the creditors are Edward F. Stewart Easton, Pa. \$28,000 cash loaned from 1881 to 1889; Rensselaer & Vosburgh, Poughkeepsie, \$1,796, judgment for endorsement; Fred H. Tucker, Greenport, N. Y., \$1,200, judgment for money loaned; Bernard Quaritch, London \$684, judgment for goods; S. B. Lockwood New Rockelle, \$600, rent: Edward Lambder New Rochelle, \$428, goods; Religious Press Association, Philadelphia, \$203, advertising Judson Printing Co., \$397; Moss Photo En graving Co., \$200; James C. Mix. \$303, rent.

BOLTON HALL PAYS CREDITORS.

He Now Seeks to Withdraw His Petition in Bankruptey.

Bolton Hall, son of the late Dr. John Hall has withdrawn a petition in bankruptoy which was filed by him last February. The petition was made by Mr. Hall to get rid of unliquidated and contingent claims and joint liabilities which accrued in 1886. These claims as mentioned in the petition aggregated \$280,000. None of them was for personal property, nearly all being claims growing out of the assignment many years ago of the firm of McCarty & Hall of which Bolton Hall was the junior partner.

The withdrawal of the petition, which had en filed by Mr. Hall with the view of securing a release from the claims, is due to the recent action of the trustees in deciding to advance him money on his shares in the late Dr. Hall's estates as a clause in the will permitted this. With this money all the claims have been settied, and the releases were duly recorded yesterday.

In explaining this settlement of affairs yesterday, Mr. Hall said that, contrary to some reports which had been circulated, he had shared equally with the other heirs in his father's will, and that his father had never threatned to disinherit him because of his advocacy of Henry George and his doctrines. Mr. Hall is a lawyer at 111 Broadway.

QUIGG AND DADY IN ALBANY.

One Returning From Lieut,-Gov. Woodruff' Camp and the Other Going There. ALBANY, Aug. 17.-Lemuel E. Quigg, Chairnan of the Republican County Committee of New York, and Michael J. Dady, of Brooklyn. Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Kings County Republican Committee, were in town to-day and called on a number of State officers. They did not come to the city together. Chairman Quigg said that he had merely stopped over in Albany a day on his way home from the Adirondacks, where he had been a guest of Lieut.-Gov. Woodruff, at the latter's mountain camp. He said that Mr. Dady was on his way to the Lieut.-Governor's camp as a

BUCKET SHOP GOT THE LOT.

Lawyer Arrested, Charged With Losing Client's Winnings. Henry G. Harris, a Philadelphia lawyer, who office at 66 Broadway, this city, was held by Magistrate Brann in the Centre Street Police Court yesterday in \$1,000 bail for examination on the charge of stealing \$150 from William B. Bradshaw of Flushing, L. L. Bradshaw said that Harris had advertised that he would collect claims against bucket shops. Bradshaw had such a claim amounting to \$700. He gave it to Harris with the understanding that it was to be settled for not less than \$200. Bradshaw says that Harris settled for \$150 and lost the money in Sugar. Harris said that the speculation in Sugar was authorized by Brad-

Had a Permit to Get Drunk.

Albert Bitner, a German, went to the Philippines with the Oregon volunteers, back with the regiment and started for his home in Germany. Policeman Connolly found him lying on the sidewalk at Third avenue and Seventy-fifth street on Wednesday, and took him to the station house as "intox." The soldier was in his uniform and had in his pocket \$48 and a ticket for Bremen. Magistrate Mayo discharged him at Yorkville Court yesterday and wished him a pleasant voyage.

Labor Union Protests Against a School House Contractor.

The Varnishers' Union's delegate has filed protest with Comptroller Coler against the payment of any money to a contractor who is loing the interior work on six public schools. alleging that he has not complied with the law regarding the payment of the prevailing rate of wages. The delegate further asserts that the contractor has allens in his employ.

Suicide Because of Despondency. Ernest Seaman, 47 years old, of 69 Park avnue. Hoboken, shot himself at his home Wednesday night while his wife and two children were in bed. He died in St. Mary's Hospital yesterday morning. He had been despondent over financial troubles for some time and had frequently threatened to end his

THE ISSUE TO BE SILVER. SO SAYS SENATOR MORGAN IN TALE.

ING OF THE 1900 CAMPAIGN. He Declares That the New Republican Cur-

rency Bill Will Make Silver the Only Issue-The Democrats Will Be Beaten if They Oppose the Philippine War, ANNISTON, Ala., Aug. 16.—Senator Morgan, who is spending the summer here, has changed his political views a little. He said this afternoon in an interview with the special correspondent of the Washington Times that the Democrats should abide by the Chicago platthat he would be entirely satisfied with any omines who would sincerely accept that plat form as the basis of his political administra tion; that in case the Republicans should pas their currency bill, silver would again be-come the leading predominating issue of the next presidential campaign; that Mr. Bryan, as the Democratic leader on that plank of the Chicago platform, would be the logical nominee of the party; and that a silver man would be elected President in 1900. Cenator Morgan reiterated his confidence in the policy of expansion, declared that Mr. Bryan and Mr. McKinley concurred in the opinion that the war in the Philippines should be prosecuted to a successful conclusion : that no political party which would oppose the United States Govern ment in its earnest attempt to suppress the in surrection in the Philippines would be sustained by the American people, and expressed his elief that the Democratic party could never be led into any such attitude.

"I think that the Democratic party in the Chicago platform." began Senator Morgan, "gave a free, full and clear expression of the Democratic creed governing a number of subsects. I think we ought to abide by that policy without any amendment or modification. should be entirely satisfied with any nomine who will sincerely accept that r Vorm as the basis of his political admir of on. At the present moment Mr. Bryan de leader of the party on the silver plank in that platform, and believe that he will be the logical leader the party on the issues that will be formed if the Republicaus succeed, as I suppose they will in passing in their currency bill.

The Republicans who favor the single gold standard have all the time since 1873 been determined to swing the country back to the condition it was left in by the Sherman act. That act denied coinage to the silver dollar and took away the legal tender quality of that coin when payments exceeded the sum of ten dollars. I suppose the currency act that they intend to pass will in some form reach the same results That will present the issue between gold and silver as it stood under the Sherman law, and Mr. Bryan will then become the recognized leader of all opposed to that kind of legislation.
"If the Republicans insist upon the legal

nactment of the single gold standard, silver will be the leading predominating issue in the next campaign. The Republicans will attempt to disguise the purpose and effect of their legisation, but the real question will be this: Shall the coinage of the sliver dollar be prohibited and its legal tender power limited to ten dollars in one payment? On that question I have little doubt that every Democrat, and every man who claims to be a bi-mettalist in the United States, will vote for the Democratic ominee, and I think a silver man will be elected President."

"I think the Government is doing everything that is requisite to crush out Aguinal do's insurrection. I expect the end to com very soon. MacArthur's movements show that the climate out there is as bad on the Filipinos as on our troops, and I cannot believe that the enemy will Lold out much longer. There can be no doubt in my mind that Aguinaldo's munitions of war are supplied by a an outside combination somewhere on the coast of Asia. That combination is evidently fighting the United States for a mercenary and malignant pu: ose. They are counting upon copular sentiment in the United States to recall the American troops and to make terms with Aguinaldo. That expectation is utterly vain and without any foundation in act. The people in this country are satisfied with results already accomplished and to be accomplished by this war. They are deter

mined to press it to a successful conclusion. We, of course, deplore some of the revolting features of the insurrection. We regret that innocent men are being driven to death by Ag naldo and his selfish advisors. We regret that in properly enforcing the law against them, apel them to suffer. But that is only an incident, natural and necessary in the suppression of any insurrection. I expect the end will some very soon after the termination of the rainy season, and I shall not be surprised if

Aguinaldo's forces go to pieces earlier. "I have seen nothing in Otis's conduct ou there to complain of I haven't specific facts. but, taking a general view, it occurs to me that he has conducted his campaign with ability. I think at the outset we made a miscalculation as to the number of troops necessary to win immediate success. We did not send sufficient forces to fight the battles, garrison places when captured, and then follow up the victory. I think it would have been very wise for many reasons if we

had sent negro regiments to the Philippines. "I am of the opinion that Mr. Root is going to make an admirable Secretary of War. He a a very able man and a very fine lawyer, and he seems not to be involved in any of the complications that have caused disturbances in army circles. I think that Mr. Alger's difficulties have had nothing to do with our success in the Philippines. I have heard no accusations against Mr. Alger in connection with the Philippine campaign. In the matter of transmunitions of war, the army in the Philippines

has had very remarkable success. "There will be no difference of opinion among the American people in regard to the war. Both leaders of the two great parties-Mr Mr. |Kinley of the Republicans, and Mr. Bryan of Democrats—concur that the war must be prosecuted to a successful conclusion. No political party that opposes the United States Government in its earnest attempt to suppress the insurrection in the Philippines will be sustained by the American people, and I am satisfied that the Democratic party cannot be led into

any such attitude. I think there is no antagonism to our do minion in the Philippines among any other classes than the Tagals. T'20 people there have already seen that the presence of the American army and of the American Government has relieved them of the burdens and injustices which they endured while the Span-

lards were in control "I think there is no doubt that the Nicaragua Canal will be built across the Isthmus just as soon as the United States Government can get hold of the subject."

IN HENRY GEORGE'S MEMORY. Single Taxers to Observe the Sixtieth An-

niversary of His Birth. The Directors of the Manhattan Single Tax Club completed arrangements yesterday for the celebration of the sixtieth anniversary of the birth of Henry George, to be held in Grand Central Palace on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 3, simultaneously with similar celebrations to be held in other countries. Among those who are expected to make speeches are ex-Gov. Altgeld of Illinois, Gov. Pingree of Michigan, Father McGlynn, Tom L. Johnson, Andrew McLear and John N. Parsons.

"With such an array of speakers," said Presi dent Seabury, "it is hardly necessary to remark that there will be nothing whatever litical about the celebration. Everybody who admired Henry George as a worker and original thinker will be invited to attend in the ame hall where, on the day of his funeral two years ago, 200,000 persons, irrespective of party, took a last look at his face or listened to the public services in his honor. Men of every olitical party are members of our club. Tom L. Johnson said: "It should be our aim

to make Henry George's birthday not only a

national holiday, but an international one. I am proud to hope that the first international holiday will be in honor of an American."

STILL ANOTHER TAMMANY FIGHT.

Revolt in the Twenty-ninth District Agai

Morgan and Bryan. Another fight for a Tammany Hall Assembly district leadership will open at Tuxedo Hall, Madison avenue and Fifty-ninth street, next Monday night. It is directed against Rollin M. Morgan, leader of the Twenty-ninth district Among the kickers are Abraham Schwab, the former Bridge Commissioner; John D. Crimmins, former Police Justice Koch, former As emblyman William J. O'Dair and F. Muldoon Mr. Schwab said vesterday:

We are not fighting Tammany Hall. How ever, we are frank to say that we areiopposed to Bryan. The meeting on Monday night is called for the purpose of putting an opposition ticket n the field at the next primaries. We are issung no formal call, but we hope that all good Tammany Democrats in the district will see the announcement of the meeting in the newspapers and will attend the meeting. The Twenty inth Assembly district is of the better class o citizens and is essentially a district composed of Democrats believing in the gold standard. We want nothing of Bryan or his ideas. We hope hat this meeting will cause the leaders of the organization to consider before they take up with Bryan, as there seems to danger of their doing. Personally, I have worked for over twenty-five years as a Tammany Hall man, both in my district and among the business men downtown, and I dely any body in the organization to show a cleaner record than mine. I am still loyal to Tamma ny Hall and I always expect to be, but it i time that we had a new leader in our district Mr. Morgan has not done right in the distribu tion of patronage. None of the workers can get any favors and newcomers in the distric parry all before them. This is not a fight against John F. Carroll. I would like person ally to see his name on our ticket and I think it will be there. But Mr. Morgan has got to go. He has left the men who have worked a life time for Tammany Hall out in the cold and we have decided that there must be a change."

OUTRODE THE HURRICANE.

Experience of the City of Augusta for Two Days in the Great Storm.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 17.—The overdue steamers City of Augusta from New York, and Decatur H. Miller of the Merchants and Miners' line, from Baltimore, arrived in port between midnight and 2 o'clock this morning The Itasca of the Baltimore line, which was in the edge of the storm, arrived about the same time. The City of Augusta was four days and several hours from New York, having been exposed for forty-eight hours to a severe storm Capt. Daggett's story of the trip follows:

"We left New York at 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon and had beautiful weather unti Monday morning at 5 o'clock, when the first indications of the storm began to appear just north of Wilmington. Supt. LeFevre had warned me in New York that there was a West India storm approaching the Florida coast.
"At 5:15, one hour this side of Charleston, we

struck the storm. It kept coming, and th sea to the east looked like a wall. This seemed as if a trap had been laid for me, just like the one Capt. Savage got caught in with the steamship Savaunah, in 1893, so I thought I had bet ter get out to sea while I had the opportunity We headed out to sea and stayed there. Th storm increased in violence hour by hour. The seas were tremendous, sweeping over the ship It was just like climbing mountains.

"There was considerable rain, but most of the time there was a dense mist, the hurricane mist, we call it. The wind came in sharp heavy gusts like shot out of a gun. The storr lasted 48 hours. It broke to the northwest a 12 o'clock. Tuesday, but continued stormy unti this morning. When the storm ceased I found myself a good distance out at sea. It took us until 9 o'clock to reach Tybee."

The passengers presented to the Captain testimonial for bringing them through in safety.

DAIST BELL, DACHSHUND, STOLEN. Valet's Wife and Another Woman Both Claim the Beast and Invoke the Law.

Mrs. Ann Dalton of 105 Madison avenue ap peared in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday answer to a summons obtained by Mrs Catherine Partridge of 413 Fourth avenue, in render the complainant's dachshund, Daisy with her maid, the dog and Lawyer Hulse.

her the dachshund while employed as coachman by Mr. Henry Havemeyer three months Soon afterward he went to Europe as a valet and she gave the dog to a friend to keep It was either lost or stolen, and two weeks ago she saw it with Mrs. Dalton on the street. She demanded the dog and Mrs. Dalton refused to

surrender it. Mrs. Dalton said she bought the animal or the street from a coachman for \$1.50. "I did not care about the animal," she added, "as had a dachshund which was given to me by Mr. Henry Havemeyer."

"By Mr. Havemeyer's coachman," inter rupted Mrs. Partridge. "No hadam, by Mr. Havemeyer himself,"

replied the witness. The defendant's lawyer asked Mrs. Partrids to describe the lost dog. She did so, and Mrs animal she had bought on the street. The magistrate dismissed the complaint.

TO MARK YALE'S OLDEST SITES Proposed Memorials of the College in Ol

Saybrook and Branford. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 17.-In completing plans for the bicenteneial, the Yale official have thus far paid almost no attentio to the early sites of the college. As Yale wa chartered in Old Saybrook and later removed to Branford, both these towns have a place in

Vala tradition and in each a movement is or foot to erect a suitable memorial A meeting was held yesterday in the Acto Library at Old Saybrook.

The site of the building where the "Yale Col legiate School" was established under the Conecticut charter granted in 1701 is just outside the Old Saybrook cemetery. The plan is to have the dedication at the Yale Bicente nial in 1901. At yesterday's meeting Prof Samuel Hart, of Trinity College, presided. He was appointed chairman of a committee to take charge of raising funds. Prof. Hart and Dr. A. S. Chesebrough have been at the head of the movement.

The memorial will stand on the site of the house which was given by Nathaniel Lynde of Saybrook for the use of the college in 1702. This house was the home of Yale for fifteen

REED'S RESIGNATION EXPECTED. His Private Secretary Canvassing for th Nomination.

GRAND BEACH, Me., Aug. 17.-Thomas B. Reed ontinues to maintain silence regarding his plans for the immediate future, but the mempers of the Republican District Committee and the town committees throughout the district are making preparation for an early calling of caucuses when he resigns his seat in Congress His private secretary, Amos L. Allen, of Alfred who is regarded as the most probable winner in the field of prospective candidates, is quietly pushing his canvass, and as he has had a lon interview with Mr. Reed since the latter's return home, Mr. Allen's continuance of the can vass is viewed as proof that there is no truth n the rumor that Mr. Reed had decided no to resign. It is generally believed here that r. Reed will forward his resignation to Governor within a fortnight,

Brothers Killed by Lightning.

DALLAS, Tex., Aug. 17.-Thomas and Charles Holland, 11 and 13 years old, sons of Miley Holand, were killed last evening at Goldthwaite by lightning, George, an older brother, was seriously injured. The boys had taken shelter in a barn which was set on fire and destroyed

HIT HIS FORMER CAPTAIN.

MORE STRIFE IN THE SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT.

An Old Grudge Between Former Capt. Stoddard and Corp. Tabbart Results in Blows-Each Man Says That He Was Victor-Row Took Place in the Armory. Corp. Peter Tabbart a member of Company E, 71st Begiment, who served during the campaign in Cuba and fought with the regiment at San Juan, has had a score to settle with former Capt. Charles H. Stoddard whom he accused of belittling his services when he signed his discharge. A few days ago Tabbart met the Captain in the armory, and the two had a lively row and came to blows.

When the regiment returned from Santiago Capt. Stoddard, who did not go to Cuba with the regiment, having been detailed to gather recruits here, resumed his old place as commandant of the company. A large number of the men who had gone to the front were bitterly opposed to Stoddard. Among them was Corp. Tabbart. The dissatisfied faction wished to get rid of Stoddard, and have his place taken by one of the lieutenants who fought with the company at San Juan. When the regiment came to be mustered out, it was Capt Stoddard's duty as commander to sign the discharges on which were written the records of the men. When he came to the discharge of Corp. Tabbart the captain wrote "good" where the corporal insisted the word "excellent should have been written.

One night last winter, in the crowded com pany room, the corporal met the captain and angrily demanded why he had not given him the very best character. The captain replied that he had certain reasons, and the corpora defled him to give them. This led almost to blows, and to hard feeling between the partisan of each man. Capt. Stoddard was eventually forced to resign.

Several days ago he went to the armory t get his dress uniform. It was during the day time and it was hardly to be expected that an enemy would be in waiting. Suddenly from the depths of the company room roared the voice of Corp. Tabbart, who was in charge of the repairs being made there, a circumstance of which the captain was in ignorance.

What in thunder are you doing here? asked the corporal. "Attending to my own business," was the reply of the former captain. "I want my uniform, and I don't want to wait all day for it,

either." "You'll have as much fun getting that un form as I did getting my excellent character.' retorted the corporal, as he edged up to Stoddard. "I am in charge of this room by order of the captain and I order you to get out." "I take no orders from you," answered the former captain

"Get out or I'll throw you out," said the cor-"Don't you dare lay a hand on me or you will

regret it," said the captain.

Tabbart made a jump seizing Stoddard with the evident intention of forcing him out of the room. Then a flerce struggle took place. Tabbart claims that he succeeded in throw

ing the captain out into the gallery without any assistance whatever, although three carpenters under his orders were at work in the company room. They wanted to come to my assistance,

Tabbart says, "but I said, Men, go back to your work. I have been waiting for this chance too long not be able to give a good account of myself.' The men went back and incidentally I might say that I went to work about the same time. Son happened to open the door just when I had a good grip on the captain and I threw him so far through that I was afraid he was going clear over the gallery on to the drill floor. I punche him about a dozen times where the blows would do the most good. He hit me but once, "After I got him out he came to the door and

said he wanted his uniform. I took pity on him and said he could have it. I fired it through the door clear over the gallery and down to the drill floor. He picked it up and slunk away." Capt. Stoddard when seen said: "I simply refused to have any altereation with my former private. He became abusive, and though l warned him not to lay hands on me, he pro ferred to take the risk. I acknowledge that struck some blows, and one severe one landed en the corporal's neck. It was this blow that drew the only blood of the contest. We were near the door, and as the blow landed on Tabbart's neck, it drove his head through the window, completely demolishing the glass and cutthan he ever lost in Cuba. This took all the fight out of him. Two of his helpers had rushed to his assistance when they saw I was getting the better of the argument, but the sight of blood put an end to their ardor and they cooled down as quickly as the corporal, I got my uniform and went out as I had come in.

gentleman." TRAIN ROBBERS DRIVEN OFF. Attempted Hold-Up in New Mexico Pre

vented by the Passengers. DENVER, Col., Aug. 17.-Colorado and Southern Passenger train No. 1, was held up last night near Folsom, N. M. he attack occurred at 11 o'clock and was opened by a fuellade from the bandits. One shot struck Mail Clerk Bartlett in the jaw, but the passengers rallied to the relief of the train crew and delivered such

a hot fire that the robbers fled. The scene of the attack is within two miles of the scene of the robbery of three weeks ago Those robbers were followed for two week and the search was only abandoned last Mon day, when it became evident that the outlaws were shielded by the people of the neighbor

hood. Addison Cammack's Lost Bank Shares Addison Cammack has obtained an order rom Justice McAdam of the Supreme Court directing the Plaza Bank to give him a new certificate for 25 shares of the bank's stock to replace a lost certificate. Mr. Cammack obtain d a certificate on Oct. 15, 1891, and taking it home, put it with other papers. He then resided at 23 East Sixty-seventh street, but he has since changed his residence several times and believes the certificate must have been lost

Western House of Refuge for Wome Well Conducted.

ALBANY, Aug. 17 .- Deputy State Comptroller Gilman and Secretary Hebbard of the State Board of Charities, have returned from an in spection of the Western House of Refuge for Women at Albion. This institution shelters some 150 inmates. Mesers. Gliman and Hebbard found that they are treated humanel and that corporal punishment is not practised here. Both officials speak highly of the discipline maintained by the superintendent

Antomobiles to Compete with Street Care CLEVELAND, Aug. 17 .- An automobile system will soon be in operation in Cleveland. It is to be run on schedule time in competition with the street car lines. The automobiles used will be covered and will be heated in cold weather. Each will seat about forty persons. Sample cars will be here before long, and it is expected that a number will be in operation within sixty days.

Transfusion of Blood Didn't Save Him. CHICAGO, Aug. 17.-Former Judge Richard Prendergast died at 5 o'clock this morning a the Chicago Hospital. He was taken ill nearly two months ago. On Aug. 2 the operation of transfusion of blood was performed. John Morrissey was the man who gave his blood that the lawyer might live, and for a time it seemed as if he would recover.

The will of Edwin Welch, a real estate dealer.

filed for probate yesterday, disposes of an estate of \$121,000. He bequeathes \$1,000 to Trinity Church and leaves the bulk of his estate to his nephew George M. Welch, and his sister, Sarah Weich. To his servant, Lizzie Sheerin, he

MURDER PRISONER ESCAPES.

J. Black Gets Out of New City Jall After an Encounter With the Jailer.

NYACE, N. Y., Aug. 17.-A posse of citizens of New City, the county seat of Bookland County, has been scouring the woods and fields near there since noon to-day in search of an escaped prisoner, a negro named J. Black, who was locked up on the charge of murder Some time ago he shot another negro in Haverstraw, and the wounded man afterwards died in a hospital in New York City. At noo to-day Jailor Blanch, a man about sixty-five years old, went alone to the cells of the prisoner to give them their dinner. As he opened the loor. Black and another negro prisoner. known as the "Baltimore Kid." jumped upon him and tried to escape. Black succeeded i getting out, when the other negro drew a knife and stabbed Jailor Blanch and then started to

gain his liberty. Several other prisoners came to Blanch's resoue, and one of them, a United States prisoner. grappled with the negro, gave him a severe after which they put him back in his cell and locked him in. Blanch gave an alarm and was taken into the sheriff's apartments. A physician was summoned and found that he had s severe scalp wound and a cut on his shoulder. but his wounds are not of a very serious char-

Meantime Black ran out of the jail building and made his way toward a strip of woods near by. Sheriff Blauvelt was in New York City when this occurred. The news soon spread through the neighborhood, however, and a posse of men formed and started in search of prisoner. Black had a good start. The searchers divided off in different directions, and one during the afternoon one of the men caught sight of the negro a long distance away, but he soon disappeared.

The Rockland county jail has never had a worse lot of desperadoes than are confined there at present. Sheriff Blauvelt has had the stormiest term of any sheriff that ever served n Bockland county, and it is said that he wil be glad when his term expires.

BURGLARS IN JERSEY CITY.

Mr. Jones's House Ransacked-Three Thieves Caught in a Saloon.

Harry Jones's wife and her mother, Mrs. Deverall, left their home, 87 Bowers street, Jersey City, about 9 A. M. Wednesday to go to Brooklyn. Mr. Jones got home about 6 P. M. nd noticed that a pane of glass in the kitche window was broken. He called the attention of his wife and mother-in-law to it when they returned at 9 P. M. and they exaured him that he window was not broken when they left the house. An investigation disclosed the fact that every room in the house had been ransacked by thieves. In the plunder were a set of solid silver spoons with gold tips, which were vedding present, some jewelry and \$49 in cash \$35 of which belonged to Victory Council, Daughters of Liberty. The total value of the plunder is estimated at \$300

While patrolling about 3 A. M. yesterday Policeman Morasch, of the Seventh street tation in Jersey City, saw one side of the cellar door in front of Henry Rose's saloon, 220 finth street, rise up and somebody peer up and down the street. The door was quickly shut down, but before it could be fastened Morasch had torn it open. A call whistle brought Sergeant O'Brien and Policeman Lennon to the assistance of Morasch and the cellar was searched. Two young men were found in the coal vault and one in the ice box. The cash register in the saloon had been broken and robbed of \$9 and a quantity of liquors and eigars had been packed up ready for removal At the police station the prisoners described themselves as John Burke, 19 years old, or 314 Sixth street; Neil Campbell, 15 years old of 529 Grove street, and Frank McCarthy, of 9 years old, of 656 Fulton street, Buffalo, Campbell had the eash, \$9.47 being found in his

NORTON NOW PRAISES HOAR, Eulogy of the Man who Rebuked Him

Publicly Last Year. ASHFIRID, Mass., Aug. 17.-The annual din per in aid of Sanderson Academy was served at noon to-day. Among the after-dinner speak ers were: Prof. Charles Ellot Norton, of Camoridge, the Rev.'J. W. Chadwick, of Brooklyn the Rev. Dr. A. H. Plumb, of Boston, and Miss Elizabeth Curtis, daughter of Capt. William Curtis. Prof. Horton spoke in praise of Sens.

has done such honor to Senator Hoar as his esistance last winter in the Senate to the confirmation of the treaty with Spain on the ground of the infidelity to American principles, and of the dangers to our institutions in volved in it. His warnings were then un needed, his efforts were vain, but the evils which he and others then foresaw are working rapidly to convert the reasonable part of the

astion to similar convictions." The Rev. Dr. A. H. Plum spoke for imperal sm. He said he saw the hand of God in what was being done in the Philippines. The commercial spirit was not degrading. As for the Filipinos, the oppressed were seeking our lib

HIS POCKETS FULL OF JEWELS.

Arrest in New Haven of a Young Man Who

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 17-George Don nelly, of New York City, was arrested here this afternoon while trying to pawn jewelry worth about \$3,000. The New Haven police are sat afied that it is stolen property and have noti fled the New York police. The articles in-clude lady's stick pin, clover leaf in shape, with three diamond settings; a fancy pin. tur tle shaped, with diamond and emerald setting solid gold brooch with diamond setting; lady's gold ring set with pearls and diamonds: a gold sword pin with diamond settings; lady's ring with three diamonds and emerald

and a gold hunting case watch. The prisoner admitted that he had given false name at first, when he said he was John Gilbert. He declared that his right name was Donnelly and that the jewelry belonged to his mother, now in Saratoga Springs. He declined to give his mother's New York address, or to tell why she wanted the diamonds sold. Donnelly is about 19 years old.

Nothing was known of the case at Police

MOTORMAN HELD TO BE GUILTY. Verdict of the Coroner's Jury in the Peck' Bridge Inquest.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 17,-The coroner's jury on the Peck's mill bridge trolley disaste to-day rendered its verdict. Gov. Lounsbury is called upon to convene the Legislature fo the enactment of laws requiring the licensing of motormen, establishing a trolley railroad commission, the reduction of the working hours of motormen and the use of both inne and outer guard rails on bridges. George S Hamilton, the motorman, is found guilty o criminal carelessness. The Shelton Steel Rail way Company is found guilty of negligence in not keeping the approaches to the bridge in good condition and in not enforcing its orders for moderate speed.

Additions to the Porto Rican Relief Fund The National Bank of North America, the deository selected by Secretary Root for funds for the Porto Rican cyclone sufferers, announced yesterday the receipt of \$12,958.04. of which \$9,649,90 was previously acknowledged. Of the total \$1,007.25 was received through the Mayor.

Wheelweman Killed by a Ballroad Trai MANCHESTER, N. H., Aug. 17-Miss Ethel Marston, while riding a bicycle, was struck by a passenger train on the Manchester and Law rence branch of the Boston and Maine Bath road at the Beech street crossing in this city this afternoon. Both arms and one sook were out off and the other leg broken; die died. I



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We have more suits than we care to carry over to next season, therefore you can have the choice of

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They are Black and Blue Serges; Cheviots, and fancy Worsteds at all prices, some silk-lined in the \$10.00 and \$14.00 grades.

lige Shirts reduced to 65c. that were formerly 95c. to \$1.65 each. MADURO BROTHERS & CO.,

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OF NOTE THE NAME. FARIATION ON THE FLIM-FLAM GAME You're Supposed to Contribute \$10 for John

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

to Send to His Sister. A young man holding two addressed and stamped letters in his hand entered Louis Mendelssohn's eigar store, at 8 St Mark's Place yesterday, and asked the proprietor to give him a \$10 bill for ten ones, so that he could send it in a letter to his sister in Philine delphia. Mendelssohn gave him the \$10 note and then counted the \$1 bills and found there

were only nine. "Mother must have made a mistake, Twill go home and get the other \$1," said the young nan, moving toward the door

"Hold on! I want my \$10," called out the "That's so. Give me the \$9 and there's the letter with the \$10 in it. You hold on to that until I come back from mother's," said the young man. He got back his money handed sealed letter to Mendolssohn and again started

The proprietor tore open the letter and found only a blank paper inside. He shouted for the police, and his wife, who was just outside the loor, stopped the young man. He told her to keep quiet, handed her the \$10 bill and ran down the street. Policeman Stemming arrested him and took him to Police Headquarters, where his picture was found in the Rogues' Gallery labelled, "film-flam worker." He gave the name of John Williams. Mendels sohn, having got back his money, refused to make a complaint. The prisoner was dis-

Jim Francy May Die From a Knockout Blow Cincinnati pugitist, is lying very low at the reselving hospital from the effects of a blow reseived last night in a glove contest with Frank McConnell at Woodward's Pavilion. In the fourteenth round McConnell drove his right against Francy's jaw, the latter staggering to the ropes dazed. With hands at his sides another right on the jaw from McConnell send Francy to the floor, but he staggered to his eet only to receive a third blow in a like manner. Then Francy arose to rush blindly into ner. Then Francy arose to rush blindly into a clinch, but McConnell easily shook off his weakened and almost unconscious opponents and knocked him down with another blow from the right on the jaw. Francy's head fell on his chest and he dropped like a log to the floor, his forehead striking first with a resounding thud. All efforts to resuscitate him failed. He was taken to the receiving hospital, and this morning his case was considered hopeless. McConnell and seconds, Tim head of the man down to the receiving hospital france with the morning his case was considered hopeless. McConnell and seconds, Tim head of the man down to work the man down to work the morning his case was considered onds, Danney Needham, Jerry Sullivan and Crocker Tweedle, were placed under arrest.

Slight Fire on the Transport Logan, A fire was discovered yesterday mornt among the rubbish in the hold of the transport Logan, which is undergoing repairs a the foot of Twenty-sixth street, Brooklys The blaze was promptly extinguished by the erew and the damage was slight.

When a Chinaman becomes a criminal the law punishes his par-ents and even the grand-parents. This is only the extreme logical ap-plication of the doctrine of heredity. In this counwe leave natural law to deal with its own offenses, and nany a mother is punished through physical weakess and peev-

ish temper of puny offspring.
Women mainly err through ignorance They enter the marriage state already disordered by irregularity of the periods The delicate and sensitive organs, pecu-liarly feminine, are in no condition for the shock which is consequent on the great change. Drains that are offensive and debilitating are set up, inflammation and ulceration with female trouble are added in time, and when motherhood comes the strength of body is inadequate and the condition of mind unfit, for the

responsibility. The natural result is child that is unhealthy and unhappy.

Happy wifehood, healthy motherhood beautiful children, all follow the use of Di Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It stope the drains, allays inflammation, heals us ceration, cures female trouble, soothe ceration, cures iemale trouble, another the nerves, and puts the delicate female organs in a condition of perfect health after a condition of perfect health after a condition of go Catharine Street Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "Your medicines have done wenders for me. New years my health wavery poor; I had four pubearrings, but since taking Dr. Passers Corlean Medical Discovery and I severate Prescription, I have much better health, and now I have a face, healthy baby have recommanded your medicines to several only friends and they have been benefited better.

Women find valuable help in De Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser

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